FLIP-X Series

Product Lineup

SINGLE-AXIS ROBOTS

General-purpose single-axis robots can be used for various applications, such as assembly and inspection work.

6 types and 28 models ranging from compact size to long-stroke robots are available.



Various custom specifications are also supported.

Various custom specifications, such as double-slider and wide slider are also supported. For details, please consult YAMAHA.

Six types with high reliability and durability

T type Frame-less structure model



- Double appeal of compact body and low price.
- Ideal in applications as an actuator directly installed on an installation base.

R type Rotation axis model



- Repeated positioning accuracy +/- 30 sec. (0.0083°)
- The robot can be used as the rotation axis when combined with other robots or utilized for a wide variety of applications, such as index tables.
- High rigidity and high accuracy by harmonic drive.

F type Model with high rigidity frame



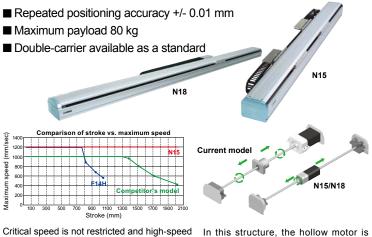
- Tolerable load moment is large and highly resistant to the offset load.
- Suitable for Cartesian robots needing rigid arm or moving arms that move the entire axis.

GF type Long stroke model with high rigidity frame



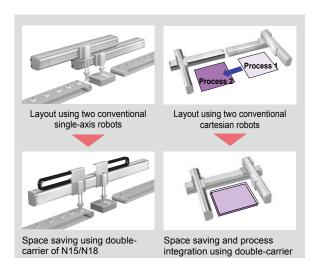
- Movable at 1200 mm/sec. in the whole area without critical speed.
- Suitable for long distance transfer.

N type Nut rotation type model

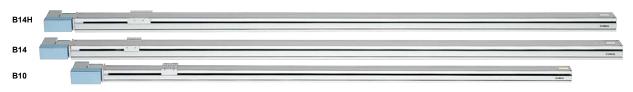


Critical speed is not restricted and high-speed transfer is possible.

Stroke: 2500 mm Maximum speed: 1200 mm/sec. In this structure, the hollow motor is connected to the nut of the ball screw and the nut is rotated with the screw shaft secured to perform the movement.



B type Timing belt drive model



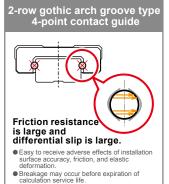
 \blacksquare Maximum stroke is 3050 mm. Long-distance transfer between the processes is possible.

POINT 1

4-row circular arc groove type 2-point contact guide that is resistant to large moment load is adopted. Note 1

4-row circular arc groove type 2-point contact guide with less differential slip is used for the linear guide. This guide has less ball differential slip due to its structure when compared to the 2-row Gothic arch type 4-point contact guide and maintains a satisfactory rolling movement even if a large moment load is applied or the installation surface precision is poor. The guide has characteristics that are difficult to malfunction, such as unusual wear and provides excellent reliability.

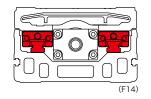
Note 1. Except for T4L/T4LH and T5L/T5LH





F/N/B type Note 2

For the F type, N type, and B type, two guide frames are laid out on the high rigidity aluminum extruded material frame. Two bearing units per rail, four bearing units in total, support a large load firmly. As a large moment load is

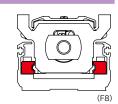


mainly converted into vertical force, the moment applied to one bearing unit becomes small to ensure excellent durability.

Note 2. Except for F8 series/F10/B10.

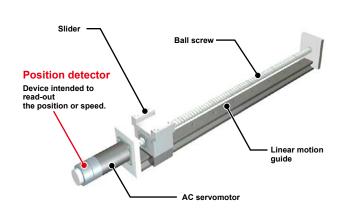
F8 series

The F8 series uses a newly developed module guide to greatly reduce the cross-sectional area (70 % when compared to F10). The rail is laid out in the full width of the frame to ensure the high rigidity even with compact design. Of course, this series also uses the 4-row circular arc groove type 2-point contact guide.



POINT 2

Resolver with excellent environment resistance is used for the position detector.





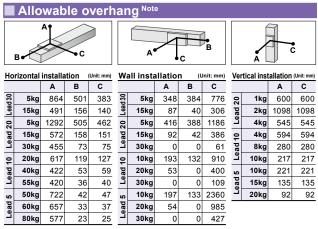


A resolver is used for the position detector. The resolver has a simple and rigid structure without using electronic components and optical elements. Detection problems due to electronic component breakdown, dew condensation on or oil sticking to the disk that may occur in optical encoders do not occur in the resolver. The resolver provides excellent durability. Additionally, as the absolute specifications and incremental specifications use the same mechanical specifications and common controller, desired specifications can be selected only by setting parameters. Furthermore, even when the absolute battery is consumed completely, the robot can still operate as the incremental specifications. So, even if a trouble occurs, the line stop is not needed to ensure the safe production line. Furthermore, the backup circuit has been completely renovated and now has a backup period of one year in the non-energizing state.

POINT 3

Long service life greatly reduces the maintenance cost.

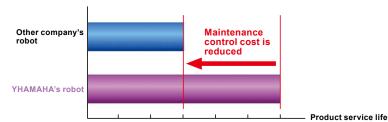
As the acceleration is determined by the weight parameter, the service life can be assured when the weight and position of center of gravity are known.



Note. Distance from center of slider top to center of gravity of object being carried at a guide service life of 10,000 km.

As YAMAHA's robot uses high rigidity ball screw or guide, it provides excellent durability. This greatly contributes to reduction of the customer's maintenance cost.

Cost reduction by high durability



POINT 4

Controllers suitable for applications are prepared.

In addition to the robot program operation and pulse train control, a positioner that is operated by specifying a point number was added to the product lineup. Additionally, multi specifications that control multiple robots using one controller are also supported. You can select an optimal controller suitable for your application.



POINT 5

Various custom specifications are supported.

YAMAHA supports custom orders flexibility to meet the customers' various needs.

Addition of free slider	Free slider is added. Various applications, such as rigidity increase or use of two heads are supported.			
Wide slider	To increase the slider rigidity, the standard slider is processed to the wide slider.			
Specified stroke	A stroke smaller than the minimum stroke may be supported. For details, please consult YAMAHA.			
Lead beyond catalog	The lead may be changed to that not stated in the catalog. For details, please consult YAMAHA.			
Origin non-motor specifications	Even when not stated in the catalog, the origin may be changed to the non-motor side. For details, please consult YAMAHA.			

YAMAHA has a wide variety of custom order results other than those shown above. If you have any requirement or request, please feel free to contact YAMAHA.

Type	Size (mm) Note 1	Model	Lead	Maximum p	ayload (kg)	Maximum speed	Stroke (mm)	
Туре	Size (IIIIII)	Wiodei	(mm)	Horizontal	Vertical	(mm/sec.)	Stroke (mm)	
			12	4.5	1.2	720		
	W45 × H53	T4L/T4LH	6	6	2.4	360	50 to 400	
			2	6	7.2	120		
			20	3	_	1200		
	W55 × H52	T5L/T5LH	12	5	1.2	800	50 to 800	
	VV00 ·· 1102	ISL/ISLH	6	9	2.4	400		
			20	10	-	1333		
_	W65 × H56	TGI	12	12	4	800	50 to 800	
T type	W03 ^ H30	T6L	6	30	8	400		
Frame-less structure model								
		T9	30	15	-	1800		
			20	30	4	1200	150 to 1050	
		(Standard)	10	55	10	600		
	W94 × H98		5	80	20	300		
			30	25	-	1800		
		T9H	20	40	8	1200	150 to 1050	
		(High thrust)	10	80	20	600	100 to 1000	
			5	100	30	300		
			20	12	-	1200		
	W80 × H65	F8	12	20	4	720	150 to 800	
			6	40	8	360		
			30	7	-	1800		
			20	20	4	1200		
	W80 × H65	F8L	10	40	8	600	150 to 1050	
			5	50	16	300		
			20	30	-	1200		
	W80 × H65	FOLLI				600	150 to 1050	
	000 × 1100	F8LH	10	60	-		150 to 1050	
			5	80	-	300		
			30	15	-	1800	150 to 1050	
		F10	20	20	4	1200		
		(Standard)	10	40	10	600		
	W110 × H71		5	60	20	300		
	VV 110 ^ 11/ 1		30	25	-	1800	150 to 1000	
		F10H	20	40	8	1200		
F type		(High thrust)	10	80	20	600		
Model with high rigidity frame			5	100	30	300		
rigidity frame			30	15	-	1800	150 to 1050	
		F14	20	30	4	1200		
		(Standard)	10	55	10	600		
		(232-22-7)	5	80	20	300		
	W136 × H83		30	25	-	1800		
		E4411	20	40	8	1200		
		F14H						
		(High thrust)	10	80	20	600		
			5	100	30	300		
		F17L F17	50	50	10	2200	1100 to 2050	
	W168 × H100		40	40	-	2400	200 to 1450	
	W108 ^ 11100		20	80	15	1200	200 to 1250	
			10	120	35	600	200 10 1200	
	W202 × H115	F20	40	60	-	2400	200 to 1450	
			20	120	25	1200	200 to 4050	
			10	-	45	600	200 to 1250	
	W202 × H120	F20N	20	80	-	1200	1150 to 2050	
	W140 × H91.5	GF14XL	20	45	-	1200	750 to 2000	
GF type	W168 × H105.5	GF17XL	20	90	-	1200	850 to 2500	
		N15 (Single-carrier)				.200	500 to 2000	
N type	W145 × H120	N15D (Double-carrier)	-	50	-	-	250 to 1750	
Nut rotation type		, ,	' 20			1200		
model	W180 × H115	N18 (Single-carrier)		80	-		500 to 2500	
	14/455	N18D (Double-carrier)	D #: 1:				250 to 2250	
_B type	W100 × H81	B10	Belt drive	10	-	1875	150 to 2550	
B type Timing belt drive model	W146 × H94	B14 (Standard)	Belt drive	20	-	1875	150 to 3050	
unve model		B14H (High thrust)	Belt drive	30	-	1875		
R type		R5		0.12kgm ²	-			
tation axis model	-	R10	-	0.36kgm ²	-	360°/sec	360°	
nauon axis model		R20		1.83kgm²	-			
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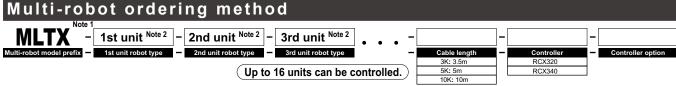
Note 1. The size shows approximate maximum cross sectional size.

Multi-robot Multi-FLIP/Multi-PHASER

This robot has multi specifications that control multiple robots using one controller.

Advantages of control with multi-axis controller

- Sequence control is easy. System upgrades are easy at less expensive price.
- Compact and space saving when compared to the operation with multiple single-axis controllers.
- More advanced control is possible.
- RCX320, RCX340 provide mixed control of the FLIP-X series and PHASER series (linear single-axis).



Note 1. When ordering a multi-robot, prefix "MLTX" to the top of the order model.

Note 2. Select either MULTI-FLIP or MULTI-PHASER shown below

Note 3. For details about the controller and controller option models, please refer to relevant page of each controller.

Robot settings

Multiple-robot setting

Multiple-robot setting and multi-task program allow for asynchronous independent movements. As the auxiliary axis setting is used together, more free axis assignment can be made.

Double-carrier

In robot types that the motor runs separately, such as linear motor single-axis PHASER series or N type (nut rotation type) of FLIP-X series, two motors can be added to one axis.



PHASER is available for 3 or more carriers by special order.

Main auxiliary axis setting

This auxiliary axis setting is used when it is inconvenient that two axes move simultaneously by the MOVE command. The axis set for the main auxiliary axis does not operate by the MOVE command and it operates only by the DRIVE command (movement command in axis units). This setting is recommended for the axis that needs to be operated asynchronously from the main robot.

Dual setting

This setting is used when performing the dual drive (2-axis synchronous control). This setting is used when the gantry type Cartesian robot with a long Y-axis stroke stabilizes the high acceleration/deceleration or when a high load or high thrust is needed.



Applicable controllers

Name		1 to 2 axes controller RCX320	1 to 4 axes controller RCX340		
Appearance		P.121	P.121		
Position detection		Incremental/Absolute			
Control model		FLIP-X and PHASER can be mixed.			
Maximum number of programs		100 programs			
Maximum number of points		30,000 points			
Number of input/ output points	Standard	Dedicated input 8 points/dedicated output 9 points General-purpose input 16 points/general-purpose output 8 points			
	Expansion	24 general-purpose inputs and 16 general-purpose outputs (per board. Up to 3 boards can be expanded.)			
Network option		CC-Link, DeviceNet TM , EtherNet/IP TM , Ethernet, PROFIBUS, PROFINET, EtherCAT			

MULTI-FLIP					
Туре	Model	Lead (mm)	Stroke (mm)		
		12			
	T4L/T4LH	6	50 to 400		
		2			
		20			
	T5L/T5LH	12	50 to 800		
		6			
		20			
T 4	T6L	12	50 to 800		
T type Frame-less		6			
tructure model		30			
	Т9	20			
	(Standard)	10	150 to 1050		
	(0.0.1.00.0)	5			
		30			
	T9H	20	150 to 1050		
	(High thrust)	10			
		5			
		20			
	F8	12	150 to 800		
		6			
		30			
		20	4504 4050		
	F8L	10	150 to 1050		
		5			
		20			
	F8LH	10	150 to 1050		
	. 02	5	100 10 1000		
_		30			
	F40				
	F10 (Standard)	20	150 to 1050		
		10			
_		5			
		30			
F type	F10H	20	150 to 1000		
Model with	(High thrust)	10	100 10 1000		
high rigidity frame		5			
iramo		30			
	F14	20			
	(Standard)	10			
		5	4504 4050		
		30	150 to 1050		
	F14H	20			
	(High thrust)	10			
	- ,	5			
	F17L	50	1100 to 2050		
	=	40	200 to 1450		
	F17	20	200 10 1400		
	1 17	10	200 to 1250		
			200 1- 4452		
	F00	40	200 to 1450		
	F20	20	200 to 1250		
		10			
	F20N	20	1150 to 2050		
GF type	GF14XL	20	750 to 2000		
,,,,,	GF17XL	20	850 to 2500		
N type	N15 (Single-carrier)		500 to 2000		
Nut rotation type	N15D (Double-carrier)	20	250 to 1750		
model	N18 (Single-carrier) N18D (Double-carrier)	-	500 to 2500 250 to 2250		
	B10	Belt drive	150 to 2550		
B type	B14 (Standard)		100 to 2000		
Timing belt drive model		Belt drive	150 to 3050		
	B14H (High thrust)	Belt drive			
R type _ Rotation axis	R5 R10	_	360°		
model	R20	-	300		

MULTI-PHASER					
Туре	Model	Carrier	Stroke (mm)		
	MF7	Single	100 to 4000		
	MF7D	Double	100 to 3800		
	MF15	Single	300 to 4000		
	MF15D	Double	100 to 3800		
MF type Flat type with core	MF20	Single	150 to 4050		
Linear motor specifications	MF20D	Double	150 to 3850		
	MF30	Single	100 to 4000		
	MF30D	Double	150 to 3750		
	MF75	Single	1000 to 4000		
	MF75D	Double	680 to 3680		

Examples of multi-robot ordering methods

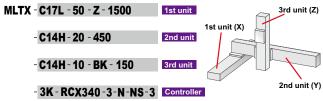
Separate single axes

<Example> F14H and F10 are installed separately.



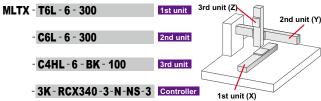
3 axes combination

<Example> C17L, C14H, and C14H are used for the X-axis, Yaxis, and Z-axis, respectively to form a 3-axis XYZ combination.



2 axes + 1 axis

<Example> T6 is installed on the base for the 1st axis, C6 is secured to the upper portion for the 2nd axis, and CH4 is secured to the upper portion for the 3rd axis to assemble the C6 and C4H to the XZ. (Either 2 axes + 1 axis or 3 axes simultaneous control can be made by the setting.)



Note. When the customer combines each axis, it is recommended to use the cable terminal (relay cable) for the wiring among axes. For details about cable terminal, please contact YAMAHA.

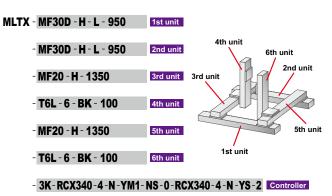
Note. For the double-carrier, since one robot occupies two axes of the controller, the number of robots may differ from the number of controllable

Double-carrier/dual drive (2-axis simultaneous control)

Example of 8-axis control

<Example> Two double-carriers of the MF30 are arranged in parallel and two MF20 installed on the top are moved by the dual-drive.

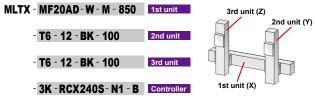
> T6 is attached to each tip of the MF20 and the robots are controlled using two controllers.



Double-carrier

Example of 4-axis control

<Example> Two T6 are assembled to the double-carrier of the MF20A, and they are used as XZ type and controlled using one controller.



CAUTION

RCX340 requires no regenerative unit.

Conditions needing regenerative unit on multi-robot

- The total motor capacity exceeds 450 W.
- The total motor capacity of the vertical axis exceeds 240 W.
- The B14H performs the operation at a maximum speed of more than 1250 mm/s.
- When the vertical axis is 240 W or less, the conditions shown below are satisfied.
 - There is a 200 W-vertical axis.
 - A 100 W-vertical axis has a stroke of 700 mm or more.
 - There are two 100 W-vertical axes with a 5 mm-lead.

FLIP-X terminology

High lead

This term indicates models supporting ball screw leads that exceed the standard lead (12 mm or 20 mm). (The standard lead of the F17L and C17L is 50.)

Origin on non-motor side

This term indicates models that are applicable to the origin non-motor specifications as standard. The origin on the non-motor side in the standard state is not supported with a lead not stated in the catalog. If special specifications are needed, please consult YAMAHA.

Maximum speed

This term indicates the maximum transfer speed. YAMAHA's single-axis robots can transfer a workpiece at this speed regardless of the transfer weight as long as it is within the maximum payload. However, as the workpiece is heavier, the acceleration/deceleration curve becomes gentle. If the movement distance is short, the speed does not reach the maximum speed stated in the catalog.

CAUTION

When the stroke of the ball screw drive type is long, noise or vibration is produced due to resonance of the ball screw if moved at the maximum speed. If this happens, lower the speed to that stated in the note column. (It is also possible to lower the transfer speed of the entire program using the SPEED setting or make the adjustment for each movement command.)

Maximum payload

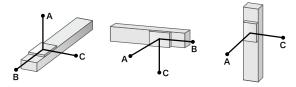
This term indicates the maximum weight that can be loaded on the slider and transferred. Select an appropriate model so that the total weight of the customer's tools (air cylinder or chuck) and workpiece is less than this data. When the center of gravity of the tool or workpiece is offset from the center of the slider, the allowable overhang needs to be taken into consideration. Additionally, when entering the total weight of the tool and workpiece for the payload parameter of the controller, optimal acceleration/ deceleration and servo parameter are automatically set.

Rated thrust

This term indicates the force to be applied in the slider advancing direction in the slider stationary (hold) state. When using vertically, the weight of the loaded workpiece is subtracted from this value (when the force is applied downward from the top). The slider can move only at a low speed (approximately 10 % of the maximum speed), but this value becomes lower than the specification value. Additionally, the type B of the timing belt drive cannot be used for applications, in which thrust is applied.

Allowable overhang

This term indicates an allowable overhang of an object to be transferred. In the specification data, this indicates the distance from the center of the top face of the slider to the center of gravity of an object to be transferred by the weight. This value is determined according to the service life of the linear guide. Under normal operation conditions^{Note}, the 90 %-service life of the linear guide is 10,000 km or more if gravity centers of the workpiece and tool are kept within the allowable overhang. When using with an overhang amount exceeding the specification data, it is necessary to install a separate support guide or restrict operating conditions (speed, acceleration) so that a load is not applied to the linear guide of the single-axis robot. For detail, please consult YAMAHA.

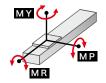


Note. Speed, acceleration 100 % (It is preconditioned that the weight parameters are set correctly.)

set correctly.)
There shall be no impact load or excessive vibration during operation. Additionally, the alignment is correct.

Static tolerance moment

This term indicates the load moment applied to the slider in the robot stationary state.



Critical speed

When the stroke of the ball screw drive type is long, noise or vibration is produced due to resonance of the ball screw if moved at the maximum speed. If this happens, lower the speed to that stated in the note column. (It is also possible to lower the transfer speed of the entire program using the SPEED setting or make the adjustment for each movement command.)